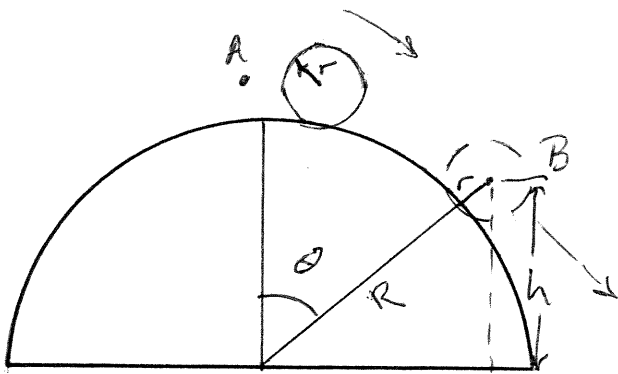


$$I_{\text{ring}} = mr^2$$

$$h = (R+r)\cos\theta$$



$$E_A = mg(R+r)$$

$$E_B = mg(R+r)\cos\theta + \frac{1}{2}mv_{\text{cmB}}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega_B^2$$

because rolling w.o. slipping $v_{\text{cmB}} = \omega_B r$

by energy conservation

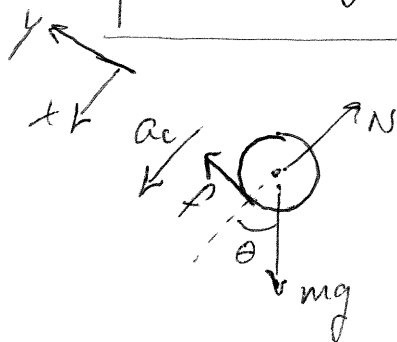
$$E_A = E_B$$

$$mg(R+r) = mg(R+r)\cos\theta + \frac{1}{2}mv_{\text{cmB}}^2 + \frac{1}{2}(mr^2)\left(\frac{v_{\text{cmB}}}{r}\right)^2$$

$$mg(R+r)[1 - \cos\theta] = \frac{1}{2}mv_{\text{cmB}}^2 + \frac{1}{2}mv_{\text{cmB}}^2$$

$$mg(R+r)[1 - \cos\theta] = mv_{\text{cmB}}^2$$

$$v_{\text{cmB}}^2 = g(R+r)[1 - \cos\theta]$$



$$\sum F_x: mg\cos\theta - \cancel{f} = ma_c \quad \text{0 when ring flies off}$$

$$\sum F_y = f - mg\sin\theta = ma_y$$

from ΣF_x : $mg \cos \theta = m \frac{v_{cm}^2}{R+r}$

$$g(R+r) \cos \theta = v_{cm}^2$$

$$g(R+r) \cos \theta = g(R+r) [1 - \cos \theta]$$

$$\cos \theta = 1 - \cos \theta$$

$$2 \cos \theta = 1$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \theta = 60^\circ \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{3} \text{ rad}$$

$$h = (R+r) \cos \theta$$

$$h = \frac{(R+r)}{2}$$

from Energy Cons.

Point Allocation :

2 F.B.D.

2 ΣF Eqns.

2 $N=0$ when ring flies off $\leftarrow a_c = \frac{v_{cm}^2}{R+r}$

2 Potential Energy (U)

2 Translational KE

2 Rotational KE

2 $I = mr^2$

2 $v_{cm} = \omega r$

2 initial height = $R+r$ height at fall, $h = (R+r) \cos \theta$

2 Soln. for value of h